

ANTI BULLYING POLICY

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References

A. <u>UKA Anti Bullying Policy 2020</u>

Policy Objectives

Teignbridge Trotters ("The Club") has zero tolerance towards bullying in any form and take the issue seriously. This document ("The Policy") is adapted from the United Kingdom Athletics (UKA) policy, a copy of which can be found at Reference A. While this document refers to bullying towards children, it is recognised that bullying does not respect age boundaries and that the principles apply equally towards adults in the conduct of respectful, appropriate behaviour required by all members.

- All committee members, coaches, athletes, parents and club members should have an understanding of what bullying is.
- All committee members, and coaching staff should know what the club policy is on bullying, and follow it when bullying is reported.
- All athletes and parents should know what the club policy is on bullying, and what they should do if bullying arises.
- Athletes and parents should be assured that they would be supported when bullying is reported.

Statement of Intent

We are committed to providing a caring, friendly and safe environment for all of our members so they can participate in a relaxed and secure atmosphere. Bullying of any kind is wholly unacceptable at our club. If bullying does occur, all athletes or parents should be able to report it and know that incidents will be dealt with promptly and effectively.

We are a TELLING club.

This means that anyone who knows that bullying is happening is expected to tell the club welfare officer or any committee member.

What Is Bullying?

Bullying is the use of aggression with the intention of hurting another person. Bullying results in pain and distress to the victim. Examples include:

• Emotional being unfriendly, excluding (emotionally and physically) sending hurtful text

messages, tormenting, (e.g. hiding spikes/clothing, threatening gestures)

Physical pushing, kicking, hitting, punching or any use of violence

Racist racial taunts, graffiti, gestures

Sexual unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments

Homophobic because of, or focussing on the issue of sexuality

Verbal name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing

Why is it Important to Respond to Bullying?

Bullying hurts. No one deserves to be a victim of bullying. Everybody has the right to be treated with respect. Athletes who are bullying need to learn different ways of behaving. This club have a responsibility to respond promptly and effectively to issues of bullying.

Signs and Symptoms

A child may indicate by signs or behaviour that he or she is being bullied. Adults should be aware of these possible signs and that they should investigate if a child:

- Says he is being bullied
- is unwilling to go to club sessions
- · becomes withdrawn anxious, or lacking in confidence
- · feels ill before training sessions
- · comes home with clothes torn or athletics equipment damaged
- · has possessions go "missing"
- asks for money or starts stealing money (to pay bully)
- · has unexplained cuts or bruises
- · is frightened to say what's wrong
- · gives improbable excuses for any of the above

In more extreme cases

- starts stammering
- cries themselves to sleep at night or has nightmares
- becomes aggressive, disruptive or unreasonable
- is bullying other children or siblings
- stops eating
- attempts or threatens suicide or runs away

These signs and behaviours may indicate other problems, but bullying should be considered a possibility and should be investigated

Procedures

- 1. Report bullying incidents to the club welfare officer or a member of the committee .
- 2. In cases of serious bullying, the incidents will be referred to UK:A for advice
- 3. Parents should be informed and will be asked to come in to a meeting to discuss the problem
- 4. If necessary and appropriate, police will be consulted
- 5. The bullying behaviour or threats of bullying must be investigated and the bullying stopped quickly
- 6. An attempt will be made to help the bully (bullies) change their behaviour
- 7. If mediation fails and the bullying is seen to continue the club will initiate disciplinary action under the club constitution.

Recommended club action

If the club decides it is appropriate for them to deal with the situation they should follow the procedure outlined below.

1) Reconciliation by getting the parties together. It may be a genuine apology solves the problem.

- 2) If this fails/not appropriate a small panel (Made up from chairman, Welfare Officer, Secretary, committee members) should meet with the parent and child alleging bullying to get details of the allegation. Minutes should be taken for clarity, which should be agreed by all as a true account.
- 3) The same 3 persons should meet with the alleged child who has instigated bullying and parent/s and put the incident raised to them to answer and give their view of the allegation. Minutes should again be taken and agreed.
- 4) If bullying has in their view taken place the athletes should be warned and put on notice of further action i.e. temporary or permanent suspension if the bullying continues. Consideration should be given as to whether a reconciliation meeting between parties is appropriate at this time.
- 5) In some cases the parent of the child who has instigated bullying or bullied athletes can be asked to attend training sessions, if they are able to do so, and if appropriate. The club committee should monitor the situation for a given period to ensure the bullying is not being repeated.
- 6) All coaches involved with both athletes should be made aware of the concerns and outcome of the process i.e. the warning.

In the case of adults reported to be bullying athletes under 18

- 1. UK:A should always be informed and will advice on action to be taken
- 2. It is anticipated that in most cases where the allegation is made regarding a coach, child protection awareness training may be recommended.
- 3. More serious cases may be referred to the police, social services or judicial complaints procedure.

Prevention

- The club will have a written constitution, which includes what is acceptable and proper behaviour for all members of which the anti bullying policy is one part.
- All athletes and parents will sign to accept the constitution upon joining the club.
- The club welfare officer will raise awareness about bullying and why it matters, and if issues of bullying arise in the club, will consider meeting with athletes to discuss the issue openly and constructively

This policy is based on the UKA's Anti Bullying Policy which, in turn, is based on that provided to schools by KIDSCAPE.

KIDSCAPE is a voluntary organisation committed to help prevent child bullying.

KIDSCAPE can be contacted on 0207 730 3300.